# Tips for effective scientific presentations

- 1) You are **Sending**, the audience is **receiving**, anything you do to get in the way of that will reduce your effectiveness
- 2) You are not alone onstage, the audience wants you to succeed, feed off their positive energy
- 3) The projection screen should only be used for data and/or subconscious cues, which help you remember what to say and when to say it
- 4) **Use appropriate fonts and font sizes,** don't get in the way of viewers understanding your message
- 5) Titles
  - Only capitalize the first word of the title
  - Keep them as simple as possible
  - Use only one line of text, subject first, details second
- 6) **Use appropriate background(s) and text colors,** science presentations use brightly colored images, do not detract from them with colorful or fancy backgrounds
- 7) You are making an impression on the audience every time you give a talk, poster, or write a paper make it your best
- 8) Tell a story
  - Be consistent with shapes, colors, and image orientation as you construct your talk
  - Use color to focus the audience's attention on what you want to say or show
  - Only one story per talk, poster, or paper
  - Stories have three parts:
    - A) Introduction/Background:
    - Layout the story, why is this important?
    - Set up the actors in the play
    - B) **Body**:
    - Put down everything you want to say 1st, then organize it 2nd
    - Personalize your information when possible
    - Build one point on another in a logical order
    - C) **Conclusion/Summary:**Give us your opinion, keep it simple.

#### 9) Know your audience

Don't tell them what they already know, clarify what they don't know

- Be honest about your work and reference other's work or contributions at the bottom of the slide
- 11) **Minimize** the number of **words** on your slides, **use images** in place of words whenever possible
- 12) Use bullets correctly or don't use them at all
- 13) Practice, practice, practice...
  - Do not memorize or read your talk to the audience
  - Practice with peers and non-peers
  - Use notes if you need them but keep them simple

#### 14) Delivery

- Use body language
- · Smile and show emotion
- Voice and facial expressions
- Eye contact
- Talk to the audience, not the screen
- Use your hands
- Do not apologize
- Hands (best) vs pointers (okay) vs lasers (bad)
- Use pauses (silence) NOT, "okay...", "ummm...", "ah..."
- Always start and end your talk with "Thank you"
- End early when possible never run over
- Dress appropriately for the audience you are addressing

### 15) Questions

- Let the audience know you are done and that you'll take questions
- Repeat the question so everyone can head it
- Answer the question back to the entire audience

## 16) Acknowledgements

Let us know who helped you